1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Halotron-1 (Fire Extinguishing Agent with Expellant)
Other Names: HCFC Blend B, Halocarbon Agent
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
   Identified uses: Fire Extinguishing Agent
   Restrictions on use: Consult applicable fire protection codes
Company Identification: Badger Fire Protection
   944 Glenwood Station Lane, Suite 303
   Charlottesville, VA 22901
   USA
Customer Information Number: (434)-964-3200
Emergency Telephone Number: (800) 424-9300
   (703) 527-3887 (International)
Issue Date: April 10, 2015
Supersedes Date: February 9, 2015

Safety Data Sheet prepared in accordance with OSHA’s Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification
Gas under pressure – liquefied gas
Simple Asphyxiant
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure – Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeat Exposure – Category 2

Label Elements
Hazard Symbols

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements
Contents under pressure; may explode if heated.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
May cause damage to organs (liver, central nervous system) through inhalation.
May cause damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).
2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Precautionary Statements

Prevention
Do not enter confined space unless adequately ventilated.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
If exposed or concerned: Call a poison center or doctor.

Storage
Keep container tightly closed.
Protect from sunlight and store in well-ventilated place.
Store locked up.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container is accordance with local and national regulations.

Other Hazards
Direct contact with the cold gas or liquid can cause freezing of exposed tissues. Avoid direct inhalation of undiluted gas. Can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Breathing very high concentrations can cause dizziness, shortness of breath, unconsciousness or asphyxiation.

Specific Concentration Limits
The values listed below represent the percentages of ingredients of unknown toxicity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>1 – 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>1 – 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>1 – 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute aquatic toxicity</td>
<td>1 – 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: HCFC Blend B, Halocarbon Agent
This product is a mixture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane</td>
<td>306-83-2</td>
<td>85 – 95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary gas mixture</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>1 – 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The expellant is argon.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Eyes
Immediately flood the eye with plenty of warm water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open.
Obtain medical attention if soreness or redness persists.

Skin
Flush with water. Obtain medical attention if frostbite or blistering occurs or redness persists.
4. **FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Ingestion**
Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

**Inhalation**
Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention immediately.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Aside from the information found under Description of necessary first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to Physicians**
In case of frostbite, place the frostbitten part in warm water. If warm water is not available or impractical to use, wrap the affected parts gently in blankets. **DO NOT USE HOT WATER.**

The use of catecholamines such as adrenaline, or similar compounds can increase susceptibility to heart irregularities caused by excessive exposure to these types of compounds.

5. **FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**
Halotron-1 is used as an extinguishing agent and therefore is not a problem when trying to control a fire. Use extinguishing agent appropriate to other materials involved. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray as containers may rupture or burst in the heat of a fire. The concentrated agent when applied to fire can produce toxic by-products specifically hydrogen halides which can cause damage. Avoid inhalation of these materials by evacuating and ventilating the area.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Containers may explode in heat of fire.

**Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters**
Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus as appropriate for specific fire conditions.

6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Remove leaking cylinder to a safe place. Ventilate the area. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Leaks inside confined spaces may cause suffocation as oxygen is displaced and should not be entered without a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Manufacturer’s Recommended 1 Hr. Emergency Exposure Limit: 1000 ppm (v/v)
Manufacturer’s Recommended 1 Min. Emergency Exposure Limit: 2500 ppm (v/v)

**Environmental Precautions**
None

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
None
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling
Wear appropriate protective clothing. Prevent skin and eye contact.

Conditions for safe storage
Pressurized containers should be properly stored and secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Do not drag, slide or roll pressurized containers. Do not drop pressurized containers or permit them to strike against each other. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the pressurized or plastic container. Store pressurized containers away from high heat sources. Storage area should be: - cool - dry - well ventilated - under cover - out of direct sunlight

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (chronic handling)
WEEL(AIHA)(8 hrs): 50 ppm (v/v), based on the primary component
Manufacturer’s Recommended 1 Hr. Emergency Exposure Limit: 1000 ppm (v/v)
Manufacturer’s Recommended 1 Min. Emergency Exposure Limit: 2500 ppm (v/v)

Exposure Level When Using Halotron I in a Fire Extinguisher
Exposure when using this material as a fire extinguishing agent - the exposure should not exceed 20,000 ppm (v/v). Guidelines for the safe minimum volume when this agent is used in a confined space are provided on the label of the extinguisher.

Appropriate engineering controls
Use with adequate ventilation. There should be local procedures for the selection, training, inspection and maintenance of this equipment. When used in large volumes or odor becomes apparent, use local exhaust ventilation.

Individual protection measures
Respiratory Protection
Not normally required under conditions of use as a portable fire extinguisher. In oxygen deficient atmospheres, use a self contained breathing apparatus, as an air purifying respirator will not provide protection.

Skin Protection
Neoprene, PVC or PVA gloves

Eye/Face Protection
Chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Body Protection
Normal work wear.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Agent – Halotron-1
Appearance
   Physical State: Liquefied gas under pressure
   Color: Colorless
   Odor: Slight ether-like
   Odor Threshold: No data available
### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relative Density (Air = 1)</strong></td>
<td>5.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Liquid Density</strong></td>
<td>92.3 lb/ft³ @ 77°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.48 kg/l @ 25°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gas Density</strong></td>
<td>~ 0.385 lb/ft³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>~6.17 kg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boiling Range/Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>27°C/80.6°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>Not flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor Pressure of liquid</strong></td>
<td>~ 11.2 psig @ 68°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>77 kPa @ 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1)</strong></td>
<td>Faster than water, slower than ether</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Solubility in Water</strong></td>
<td>0.39% wt @25°C/77°F, 1 atm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor Density (Air = 1)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VOC (%)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auto-ignition Temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Decomposition Temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upper explosive limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower explosive limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>Not flammable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Expellant - Argon**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td>Compressed gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical State</strong></td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color</strong></td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor</strong></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor Threshold</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specific Gravity</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boiling Range/Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash Point (°C/F)</strong></td>
<td>Not flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor Pressure</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Solubility in Water</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor Density (Air = 1)</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VOC (g/l)</strong></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VOC (%)</strong></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auto-ignition Temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Decomposition Temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upper explosive limit</strong></td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower explosive limit</strong></td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>Not flammable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid
Extremely high temperatures - flames

Incompatible Materials
Incompatible with alkali or alkaline earth metals, and powdered metals Al, Zn, Be, etc.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids - possibly carbonyl halides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane
Simple asphyxiant
Inhalation 4 hour, LC50(rat) 32,000 ppm
Oral Approximate Lethal Dose, rat: 9000 mg/kg
Dermal Approximate Lethal Dose, rat: >2000 mg/kg
Cardiac LOAEL: 2% vol.
Cardiac NOAEL: 1% vol.
Argon
Simple asphyxiant

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – single exposure
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: Adverse effects to the liver and central nervous system were observed in animal studies (inhalation.)
Argon: Exposure to argon gas at high concentrations can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Breathing very high concentrations can cause dizziness, shortness of breath, unconsciousness or asphyxiation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – repeat exposure
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: Adverse effects to the liver were observed in animal studies (inhalation.)

Serious Eye damage/Irritation
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: In rabbit study, mild to moderate conjunctival irritation with no corneal or iritic involvement was observed in an unwashed rabbit eye. An eye dosed with the test substance and promptly washed had mild to slight transient corneal opacity and mild to moderate conjunctival irritation with no iritic involvement. Both eyes were normal within 3-7 days.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: Dermal exposure in rabbits did not result in any irritation.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Halotron-1
(Fire Extinguishing Agent with Expellant)

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
No relevant studies identified.

Carcinogenicity
Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, and OSHA.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: Not considered genotoxic based on animal and test-tube studies.

Reproductive Toxicity
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane: No affects to reproductive performance were seen in rats or harm to the unborn animals in rats or rabbits at 5000 and 10,000ppm

Aspiration Hazard
Not an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane
LC50 Fathead minnow 77mg/l 96hr

Mobility in soil
No relevant studies identified.

Persistence/Degradability
No relevant studies identified.

Bioaccumulative Potential
No relevant studies identified.

Other adverse effects
No relevant studies identified.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods
Dispose of container in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. Do not cut puncture or weld on or near to the container. If spilled, contents will vaporize to the atmosphere.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet information is intended to address a specific material and not various forms or states of containment. Specific volumes, pressures or hardware configurations containing such materials can dictate various different hazard classifications for transportation and labelling requirements. Under Federal Regulations only trained and qualified individuals are permitted to label and ship products following the applicable Department of Transportation (DOT), Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Canada (TC), International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) or International Air Transport Association (IATA) requirements.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Halotron-1
(Fire Extinguishing Agent with Expellant)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States TSCA Inventory
All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the US Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

Canada DSL Inventory
All ingredients in this product have been verified for inclusion on the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

SARA Title III Sect. 311/312 Categorization
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed(Chronic) Health Hazard, Pressure hazard

SARA Title III Sect. 313
This product contains a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations: 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane (306-83-2)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Ratings
NFPA Code for Health - 1
NFPA Code for Flammability - 0
NFPA Code for Reactivity - 1
NFPA Code for Special Hazards – None

HMIS Ratings
HMIS Code for Health - 1*
HMIS Code for Flammability - 0
HMIS Code for Physical Hazard - 1
HMIS Code for Personal Protection - See Section 8
*Chronic

Legend
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
LCLo: Lethal concentration low
N/A: Denotes no applicable information found or available
NTP: National Toxicology Program
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV: Threshold Limit Value

Revision Date: April 10, 2015
Replaces: February 9, 2015
Changes made: Updated to GHS Classification.

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Hazard Communication Specialists based on information provided by internal company references.
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By: EnviroNet LLC.

The information and recommendations presented in this SDS are based on sources believed to be accurate. Badger Fire Protection assumes no liability for the accuracy or completeness of this information. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of the material for their particular purposes. In particular, we make NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should ensure that any use or disposal of the material is in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations.